

$V_{RRM}$  = 5500 V  
 $I_{FAVM}$  = 380 A  
 $I_{FSM}$  = 10 kA  
 $V_{FO}$  = 2.7 V  
 $r_F$  = 2.8 mΩ  
 $V_{DClink}$  = 3300 V

# Fast Recovery Diode

# 5SDF 04F6004

Doc. No. 5SYA1150-02 Sep. 01

- Patented free-floating technology
- Industry standard housing
- Cosmic radiation withstand rating
- Low on-state and switching losses
- Optimized to use in snubberless operation

## Blocking

|              |   |              |   |
|--------------|---|--------------|---|
| $V_{RRM}$    | Repetitive peak reverse voltage               | 5500 V       | Half sine wave, $t_P = 10$ ms, $f = 50$ Hz                    |
| $I_{RRM}$    | Repetitive peak reverse current               | $\leq 20$ mA | $V_R = V_{RRM}, T_j = 115^\circ\text{C}$                      |
| $V_{DClink}$ | Permanent DC voltage for 100 FIT failure rate | 3300 V       | 100% Duty   |
| $V_{DClink}$ | Permanent DC voltage for 100 FIT failure rate | 3900 V       | 5% Duty<br>Ambient cosmic radiation at sea level in open air. |

## Mechanical data

|       |   |        |                      |  |
|-------|---|--------|----------------------|--|
| $F_m$ | Mounting force                                      | min.   | 18 kN                |  |
|       |   | max.   | 22 kN                |  |
| $a$   | Acceleration:<br>Device unclamped<br>Device clamped |        | 50 m/s <sup>2</sup>  |  |
|       |   |        | 200 m/s <sup>2</sup> |  |
| $m$   | Weight  |        | 0.46 kg              |  |
| $D_s$ | Surface creepage distance                           | $\geq$ | 33 mm                |  |
| $D_a$ | Air strike distance                                 | $\geq$ | 20 mm                |  |

ABB Semiconductors AG reserves the right to change specifications without notice.



**On-state** (see Fig. 1, 2)

|               |  |                                       |  |  |  |
|---------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| $I_{FAVM}$    | Max. average on-state current          | 380 A                                 | Half sine wave, $T_c = 70^\circ\text{C}$ |  |  |
| $I_{FRMS}$    | Max. RMS on-state current              | 600 A                                 |  |  |  |
| $I_{FSM}$     | Max. peak non-repetitive surge current | 10 kA                                 | $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$                    | Before surge:<br>$T_c = T_j = 115^\circ\text{C}$ |  |
|               |  | 22 kA                                 | $t_p = 1 \text{ ms}$                     |  |  |
| $\int i^2 dt$ | Max. surge current integral            | $0.5 \cdot 10^6 \text{ A}^2\text{s}$  | $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$                    | After surge:<br>$V_R \approx 0 \text{ V}$        |  |
|               |  | $0.24 \cdot 10^6 \text{ A}^2\text{s}$ | $t_p = 1 \text{ ms}$                     |  |  |
| $V_F$         | Forward voltage drop                   | $\leq 5.2 \text{ V}$                  | $I_F = 900 \text{ A}$                    | $T_j = 115^\circ\text{C}$                        |  |
| $V_{FO}$      | Threshold voltage                      | 2.7 V                                 | Approximation for                        |  |  |
| $r_F$         | Slope resistance                       | 2.8 mΩ                                | $I_F = 200 \dots 2000 \text{ A}$         |  |  |

**Turn-on** (see Fig. 3, 4)

|          |                               |                      |   |
|----------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---|
| $V_{fr}$ | Peak forward recovery voltage | $\leq 370 \text{ V}$ | $di/dt = 1000 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}, T_j = 115^\circ\text{C}$ |
|----------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---|

**Turn-off**

|                |                                     |                                  |  |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| $di/dt_{crit}$ | Max. decay rate of on-state current | $\leq 340 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ | $I_F = 900 \text{ A}, T_j = 115^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $I_{rr}$       | Reverse recovery current            | $\leq 600 \text{ A}$             |  |
| $Q_{rr}$       | Reverse recovery charge             | $\leq \mu\text{C}$               |  |
| $E_{rr}$       | Turn-off energy                     | $\leq 3.5 \text{ J}$             |  |

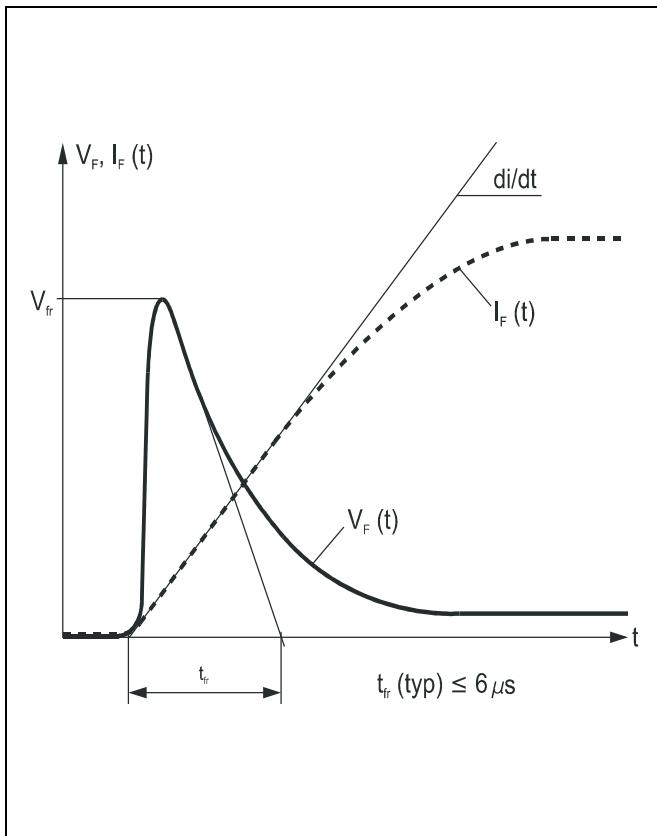
**Thermal**

|            |                                      |                               |                     |                                |
|------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| $T_j$      | Operating junction temperature range | $-40 \dots 115^\circ\text{C}$ |                     |                                |
| $T_{stg}$  | Storage temperature range            | $-40 \dots 125^\circ\text{C}$ |                     |                                |
| $R_{thJC}$ | Thermal resistance junction to case  | $\leq 44 \text{ K/kW}$        | Anode side cooled   | $F_m = 18 \dots 22 \text{ kN}$ |
|            |                                      | $\leq 44 \text{ K/kW}$        | Cathode side cooled |                                |
|            |                                      | $\leq 22 \text{ K/kW}$        | Double side cooled  |                                |
| $R_{thCH}$ | Thermal resistance case to heatsink  | $\leq 10 \text{ K/kW}$        | Single side cooled  |                                |
|            |                                      | $\leq 5 \text{ K/kW}$         | Double side cooled  |                                |

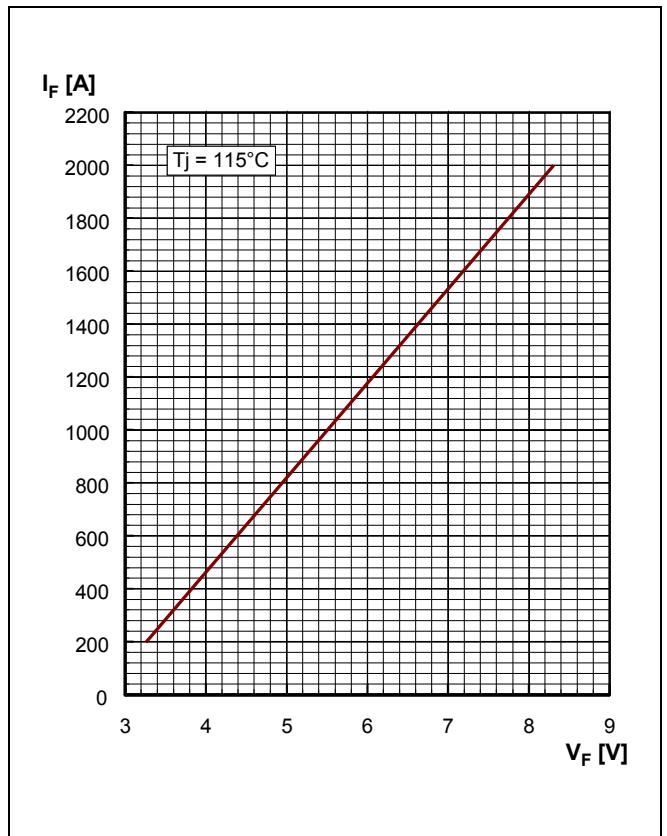
Analytical function for transient thermal impedance.

$$Z_{thJC}(t) = \sum_{i=1}^n R_i (1 - e^{-t/\tau_i})$$

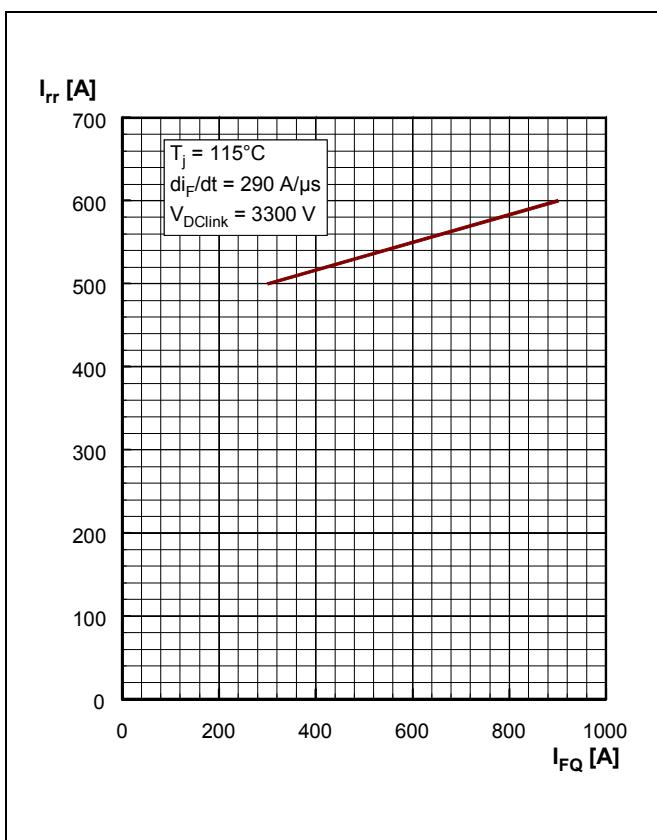
| i   | 1     | 2      | 3     | 4      |
|---|-------|--------|-------|--------|
| $R_i(\text{K/kW})$                                | 9.74  | 3.12   | 1.18  | 0.52   |
| $\tau_i(\text{s})$                                | 0.387 | 0.0457 | 0.006 | 0.0018 |
| $F_m = 18 \dots 22 \text{ kN}$ Double side cooled |       |        |       |        |



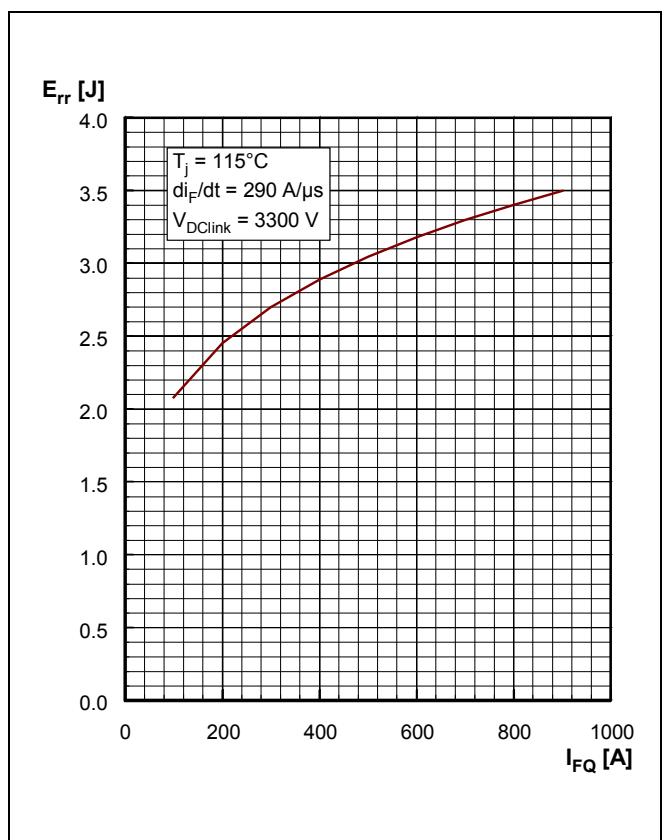
**Fig. 1** Typical forward voltage waveform when the diode is turned on with high  $di/dt$ .



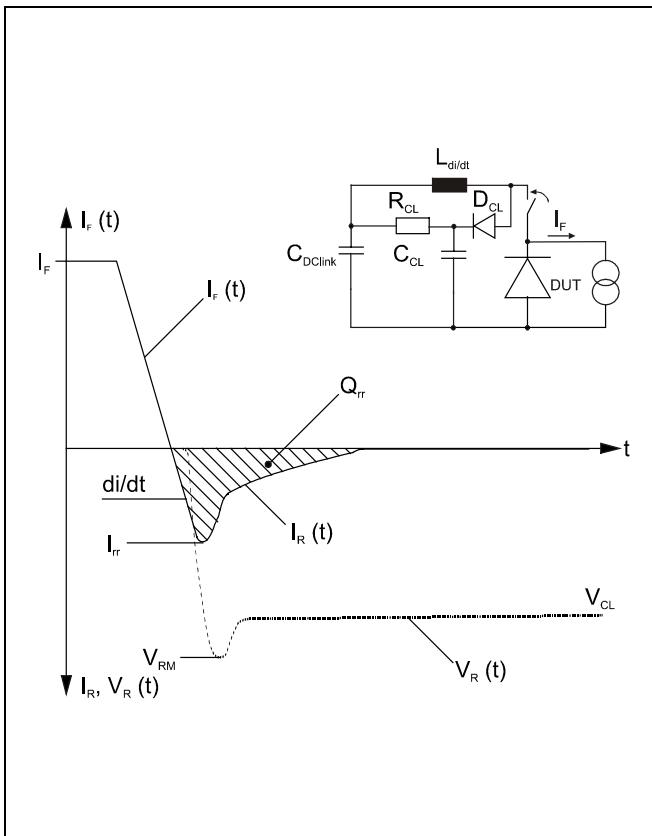
**Fig. 2** Forward current vs. forward voltage.



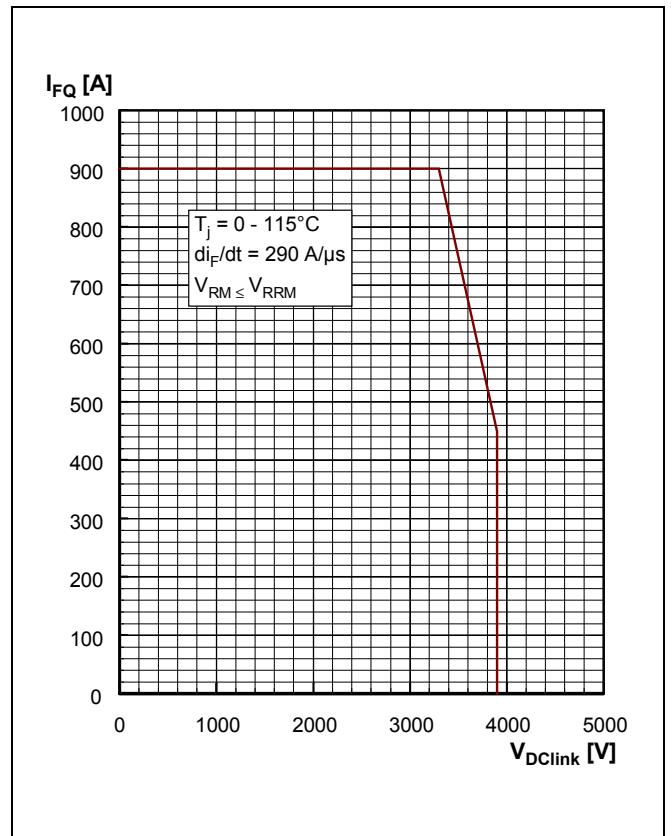
**Fig. 3** Diode reverse recovery current vs. turn-off current.



**Fig. 4** Diode turn-off energy per pulse vs. turn-off current.



**Fig. 5 Typical current and voltage waveforms at turn-off in a circuit with voltage clamp.**



**Fig. 6 Max. repetitive diode forward current.**

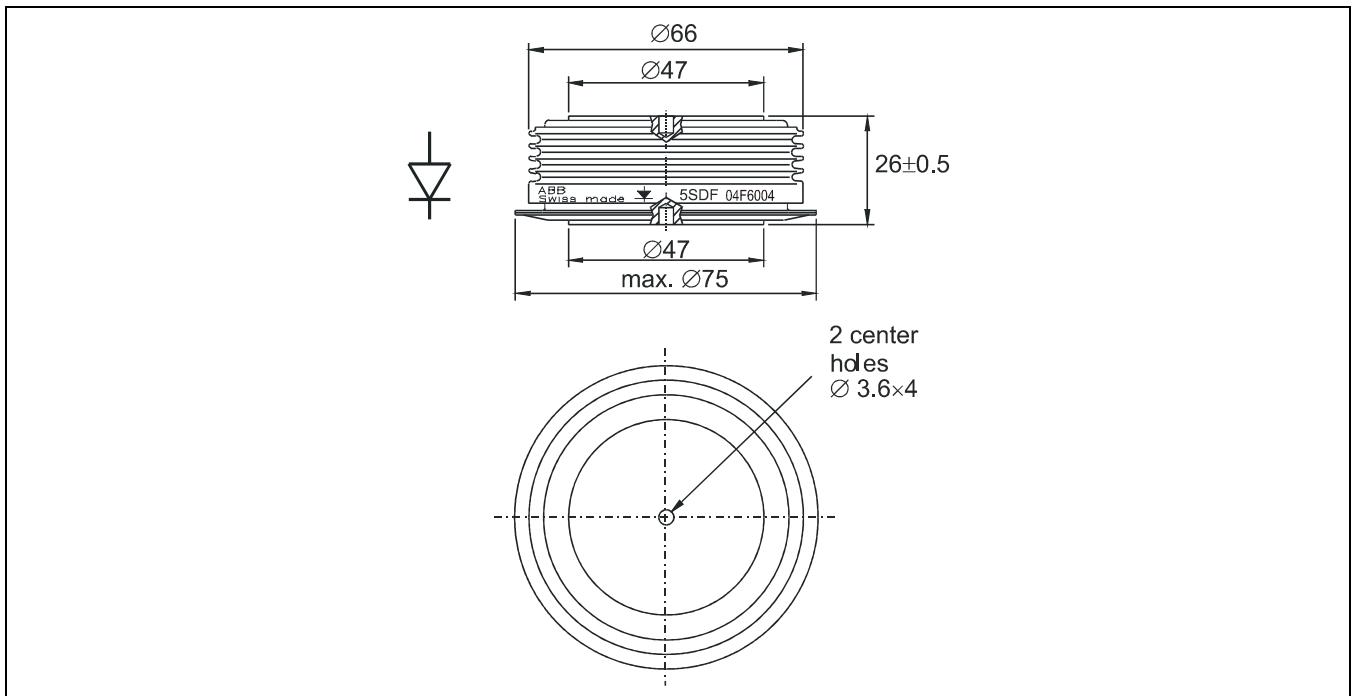


Fig. 7 Outline drawing. All dimensions are in millimeters and represent nominal values unless stated otherwise.

ABB Semiconductors AG reserves the right to change specifications without notice.

**ABB**

**ABB Semiconductors AG**  
Fabrikstrasse 3  
CH-5600 Lenzburg, Switzerland

Doc. No. 5SYA1150-02 Sep. 01

Telephone +41 (0)62 888 6419  
Fax +41 (0)62 888 6306  
Email abbsem@ch.abb.com  
Internet www.abbsem.com